TEMBER, MDCCLXX.] [NUMB. 248.]

THE SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

ning the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1770.

TH-CAROLINA.

rable WILLIAM BULL, *Eſquire, Lieutenant-nd Commander in Chief, in and over his Majeſty's ſaid*

ROCLAMATION.

HEREAS his Majeſty, by his Royal Order in Council, bearing Date the 15th of June, 1770, was graciouſly pleaſed to declare his Royal Approbation of an Act of the General Aſſembly of this Province, intitled, *An Act to Incorporate the Society called and known by the Name of the* FELLOWSHIP SOCIETY, *paſſed the 23d Day of Auguſt*, 1769; whereby the ſaid Act is Confirmed, finally Enacted, and Ratified. I HAVE THEREIGHT FIT, to iſſue this my PROCLAMATION, Royal Pleaſure thereupon, that all Perſons conake Notice, and govern themſelves accordingly.

IVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the ſaid Province, at CHARLES-TOWN, *this Twenty-eighth Day of Auguſt, Anno Domini* 1770, *and in the Tenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign.*

WILLIAM BULL.

our's Command,
MURRAY, *pro. Secretary.*

OD SAVE THE KING.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE, *of June* 29.

CIATION entered into laſt Friday, the 22d inſtant, lemen of the Houſe of Burgeſſes, and the Body of Mer-mbled in this city.

We Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects of Virgideclaring our inviolable and unſhaken fidelity and to our gracious ſovereign, our affection for all our ls of Great-Britain, and our firm determination to he hazard of our lives and fortunes, the laws, ood order of government in this colony; but at the fected with [illegible] of the fatal certainly to follow from the arbitrary impoſition of people of America, for the purpoſe of raiſing a re-hem, without the conſent of their repreſentatives; nſider it to be the indiſpenſible duty of every vir-er of ſociety to prevent the ruin, and promote the this country, by every lawful means, although in on of ſuch a laudable and neceſſary deſign ſome unjuences may be derived to many innocent fellow ſub-we wiſh not to injure, and who we hope will impute to the real neceſſity of our affairs: Influenced by we do moſt earneſtly recommend this our aſſocia-ſerious attention of all gentlemen, merchants, tra-her inhabitants of this colony, not doubting but they and cordially accede thereto. And at the ſame time ry of us, do moſt ſolemnly oblige ourſelves, upon nd honour, to promote the welfare and commercial all thoſe truly worthy merchants, traders, and others, of this colony, who ſhall hereafter conform to the aſſociation; but that we will upon all occaſions, times hereafter, avoid purchaſing any commodity or ods whatſoever from any importer or ſeller of Britiſh or European goods, whom we may know or believe, of the eſſential intereſts of this colony, to have pre-own private emolument, by importing or ſelling arti-ed by this aſſociation, to the deſtruction of the deareſt e people of this colony. And for the more effectual ſuch deſaulters, it is reſolved,

ommittee of five be choſen in every county, by the aſſociates in each county, who, or any three of them, uthorized to publiſh the names of ſuch ſigners of the as ſhall violate the agreement; and when there ſhall ortation of goods into any county, ſuch committee, or f them, are impowered to convene themſelves, and anner apply to the merchants or importers concerned, o ſee the invoices and papers reſpecting ſuch importa-f they find any goods contrary to the aſſociation, to let rs know that it is the opinion and requeſt of the county oods ſhall not be opened or ſtored, but re-ſhipped to rom whence it came: And in caſe of refuſal, without r of violence, inform them of the conſequences, and publiſh an account of their conduct.

That we the ſubſcribers, as well by our own example r legal ways and means in our power, will promote and induſtry and frugality, and diſcourage all manner of extravagance.

That we will not hereafter, directly or indirectly, r cauſe to be imported, from Great-Britain, any of the hereafter enumerated, either for ſale, or for our own uſe; ſpirits, cyder, perry, beer, porter, ale, malt, peaſe, beef, r, cheeſe, tallow, candles, fruit, pickles, confectionary, bles, looking glaſſes, carriages, joiners work, and cabi-of all ſorts, ribbands, India goods of all ſorts (except callico of more than 3s. ſterling per yard, upholſtery (by mean paper hangings, beds ready made, furniture for d carpeting) watches, clocks, ſilverſmiths work of all rts of all ſorts, (except womens bonnets and hats, few-and ſilk) cotton ſtuffs of more than 3s. ſterling linens of more than 2s. per yard, (except Iriſh linens) awns, cambrick of more than 6d. ſterling per yard, and worſted ſtuffs of all ſorts of more than 2s. ſterling broad cloths of more than 8s. ſterling per yard, narrow all kinds of more than 4s. ſterling per yard, not half than 7-8ths yard wide, hats of greater value than 10s ſterling, ſtockings of more than 36s. ſterling per dozen, ſhoes of more than 5s. ſterling per pair, boots, ſaddles, mens exceeding 25s. and womens exceeding 40s. ſterling, excluſive of bridles, which are allowed, portmanteaus, ſaddle bags, and all other manufactured leather, neither oil or painters colours, if both, or either of them, be ſubject to any duty after the 1ſt of December next. And that we will not import, or cauſe to be imported, any horſes, nor purchaſe thoſe which may be imported by others, after the 1ſt of November next.

Fourthly. That we will not import or bring into the colony, or cauſe to be imported or brought into the colony, either by ſea or land, any ſlaves, or make ſale of any upon commiſſion, or purchaſe any ſlave or ſlaves, that may be imported by others, after the 1ſt day of November next, unleſs the ſame have been twelve months upon the continent.

Fifthly. That we will not import any wines, on which duty is laid by act of parliament for the purpoſe of raiſing a revenue in America, or purchaſe ſuch as may be imported by others, after the firſt day of September next.

Sixthly. That no wine be imported by any of the ſubſcribers, or any other perſons, from any of the colonies on this continent, or any other place, from the time of ſigning this aſſociation, contrary to the true terms thereof.

Seventhly. That all ſuch goods as may or ſhall be imported into this colony, in conſequence of their having been rejected by the aſſociation committees in any of our ſiſter colonies, ſhall not be purchaſed by any aſſociator; but that we will exert every lawful means in our power abſolutely to prevent the ſale of all ſuch goods, and to cauſe the ſame to be exported as quick as poſſible.

Eighthly. That we will not receive from Great-Britain, or make ſale of, upon commiſſion, any of the articles above excepted to, after the firſt day of September next, nor any of thoſe articles which may have been really and *bona fide* ordered by us, after the 25th of December next.

Ninthly. That we will not receive into our cuſtody, make ſale of, or become chargeable with, any of the articles aforementioned, that may be ordered after the 15th of June inſtant, nor give orders for any from this time; and that in all orders which any of us may hereafter ſend to Great-Britain, we will expreſsly direct and requeſt our correſpondents not to ſhip us any of the articles before excepted, and if any ſuch goods are ſhipped contrary to the tenor of this agreement, we will refuſe to take the ſame, or make ourſelves chargeable therewith.

Provided nevertheleſs, That ſuch goods as are already on hand, or may be imported according to the true intent and meaning of this aſſociation, may be continued for ſale.

Tenthly. That a committee of merchants, to be named by their own body, when called together by their chairman, be appointed to take under their conſideration the general ſtate of the trade in this colony, report to the aſſociation, at their next meeting, a liſt of ſuch other manufactures of Great-Britain, or commodities of any kind whatever, now imported, as may reaſonably, and with benefit to the colony, be excepted to.

Eleventhly. That we do hereby engage ourſelves, by the moſt ſacred ties of honour and love to our country, that we will not, either upon the goods which we have already upon hand or may hereafter import within the true meaning of the aſſociation, make any advance in price, with a view to profit by the reſtrictions hereby laid on the trade of this colony.

Twelfthly. That we will not at any time hereafter, directly, or indirectly, import, or cauſe to be imported, or purchaſe from any perſon who ſhall import, any merchandize or manufactures exported from Great-Britain, which are, or hereafter ſhall be, taxed by act of parliament for the purpoſes of raiſing a revenue in America.

Laſtly. That theſe reſolves ſhall be binding on all and each of the ſubſcribers, who do hereby, each and every perſon for himſelf, agree that we will ſtrictly and firmly adhere to and abide by every article of this aſſociation from the time of his ſigning the ſame until the act of parliament which impoſes a duty on tea, paper, glaſs, and painters colours, be totally repealed, or until a general meeting of one hundred aſſociators, after one months public notice, ſhall determine otherwiſe, the twelfth article of this agreement ſtill and for ever continuing in force, until the contrary be declared by a general meeting of the members of this aſſociation.

[*The above was ſigned by 168 of the principal gentlemen in Virginia.*]

LONDON, *June* 28.

IT is ſaid to be an undoubted fact, that no change in any of the departments of ſtate will take place during the winter, and Lord Viſcount Townſhend will be continued in Ireland.

It has this day been poſitively aſſerted, that the loſs of Falkland iſle is a fact too well known to be diſputed; that the miniſtry know this full well, otherwiſe they would contradict it by authority; and that the Engliſh are allowed ſix months to ſettle their affairs, and ſend off their effects.

We hear that the late Lord Mayor has by his laſt will left to Mr. Beckford his ſon, about eleven years of age, his real eſtate. To Mrs. Beckford, her fortune of ſix hundred pounds a year, and the Fonthill eſtate during life, which is worth twelve hundred pounds a year, and to be allowed one thouſand pounds a year for the education of her ſon, who is to be entirely under her direction. To each of his natural children five thouſand pounds, or in lieu of that two hundred pounds a year. To each of his ſervants, living with him at the time of his death, ten pounds and mourning.

We hear that Dr. Akenſide attended the late Lord Mayor during his illneſs; from whom, it is ſaid, he caught the fever which occaſioned his death.

A letter from Warſaw mentions the lucky eſcape of Prince William of Brunſwick, who, with the volunteers in his ſuite, were attacked near that place the 2d of June, by a corps of the Confederates. Had not the King of Poland, ſuſpecting that their journey to the grand Ruſſian army might be interrupted, prudently furniſhed the Prince with a ſtrong eſcorte, in all probability their gallant proweſs againſt the infidels would have been prevented in a very diſagreeable manner. Captain Fawkener, of the Engliſh guards, is one of the volunteers who accompanied the Prince of Brunſwick, and in this attack had his hat ſhot through. Two Pruſſian officers, volunteers in the Prince's ſuite, were wounded. They arrived at Lublin the day after, and continued their route for General Romanzow's army.

JUNE 29. The miniſtry are ſaid to have received ſome very diſagreeable advices from America, which, it is ſaid, will oblige them to diſpatch a conſiderable naval and military force to the continent.

Orders are diſpatched to the commanders of moſt of the men of war on the American ſtation, particularly to the northward, to keep a ſharp look out againſt the ſmuggling of foreign European goods, great cargoes of which are ſaid to be ſhipped in France on board their fiſhermen, to be ſold to the Engliſh at Newfoundland, Nova-Scotia, and Cape-Breton.

JULY 2. By a gentleman juſt arrived in town from Paris we learn, that every thing in that country looks like an approaching war, as they are raiſing recruits, and are buſy in their dock yards, &c. from whence they have lately ſent out two men of war and three frigates.

JULY 4. Yeſterday Lord North, Lord Gower, and the Earl of Briſtol, waited on the King at Richmond, where they had a long conference with his Majeſty.

The ſame day a Court of Aldermen was holden at Guildhall, at which Thomas Oliver, Eſq; the preſent candidate to repreſent this city in Parliament, was admitted to his freedom.

This day at ten o'clock, at a Wardmote holden at Butchers-Hall, for the ward of Billingſgate, Richard Oliver, Eſq; was unanimouſly elected Alderman of that ward, in the room of the late Right Honourable William Beckford, Eſq.

Letters from the confines of Turkey poſitively aſſert, that the Ottoman armies now ready to take the field, conſiſt of 300,000 men, moſtly Europeans, without including the Natolians; thoſe letters add, that the Tartar army is already 100,000 ſtrong, and is continually receiving reinforcements.

Letters from Otranto relate the particulars of an engagement that happened on the 19th of May, off Cerigo, between a Ruſſian man of war, and a Turk accompanied by three gallies. The Ruſſian having the advantage of the wind, after a fight of three hours, had the good fortune to ſink one of the gallies, and to put the reſt to flight, who, being purſued by the Ruſſian Vice-Admiral, were overtaken, and roughly treated; that on the 20th, being reinforced with two Turkiſh men of war, a ſecond engagement enſued, in which likewiſe the Ruſſians continued victorious, having ſunk another of the enemies gallies, and taken ſome tenders, with the Turkiſh commander, whom they conducted into the port of Navarino; that Prince Orlow had received the Turkiſh officer with all the marks of diſtinction due to his rank, but being detected, in the dead hour of night, in an attempt upon the life of the Prince, his Highneſs ordered his head to be cut off at four in the morning.

JULY 5. It is aſſerted that a late premier will join the minority before the next meeting of parliament.

Yeſterday the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor was at court to pay his compliments to his Majeſty, and was graciouſly received.

JULY 6. A correſpondent informs us, that it is now an abſolute determination in the cabinet to take its charter from the town of Boſton, and to purſue very rigorous meaſures with the Americans.

Tueſday evening a grand council was holden at Earl Gower's, in Privy Garden, which did not break up till near eleven o'clock, whence, it is thought, ſomething extraordinary was on the carpet.

We are aſſured, that a Great Perſonage has inſpected all the papers which have been received relating to the late unhappy tranſactions at Boſton in New-England, and that he has been pleaſed to make memorandums on the moſt remarkable paſſages they contain.

It is ſaid that Governor Bernard had a long conference with ſome of the great officers of ſtate before the meeting of the privy council, which was holden at St. James's on Wedneſday; after the breaking up of which, an expreſs was ſent off to Falmouth, to be forwarded to New-York and Boſton.

Yeſterday about nine in the morning, came on before Lord Mansfield, a cauſe in which the Right Honourable Lord Grofvenor was plaintiff, and his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland defendant; the action was laid for unneceſſary converſation with his Lordſhip's conſort, and the damages were ſet forth at one hundred thouſand pounds. The pleadings were nervous and animated on both ſides. Lord Mansfield began about half an hour after ſix, and, with his uſual clearneſs, famed up the proof with the utmoſt ſtrictneſs and impartiality. He ſpoke till fifteen minutes before eight, when the jury withdrew till ten minutes before ten, and then ſet off in carriages for Bloomſbury, with their verdict, finding for the plaintiff, with ten thouſand pounds damages.

JULY 7. It is again currently reported, that an alteration will immediately take place in the miniſtry. It is imagined the above report took its riſe from Lord Northington's being ſent for to town. We hear his Grace the Duke of Grafton has lately viſited ſeveral of the minority.

The indefatigable care of the Earl of Chatham for his country, was never more deſerving the praiſe of every true Briton than at preſent; he having diſpatched ſcouriers, at his own private expence, to different parts, who are to ſend him the earlieſt accounts of what paſſes in their reſpective ſtations worthy notice.

Yeſterday the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor and his new-married lady, were preſented to his Majeſty at St. James's, and graciouſly received.

We have it from pretty good authority, that the parliament of Ireland will be diſſolved at their next meeting.

We are well informed, that the late premier will ſhortly occupy ſome poſt in the adminiſtration, ſo as to be again of the council, though not the oſtenſible miniſter.

An American officer of rank, we hear, is ſolliciting a principal command in the Eaſt-Indies.

It appeared upon a late trial, that a noble Lord has had eleven miſtreſſes in keeping ſince his Lordſhip's marriage with his preſent wife.

It is ſaid, that a conſiderable naval and military force will ſpeedily be ſent to America.

PETERSBOURGH, May 29. The court continues to obſerve ſilence with reſpect to what paſſes in the two grand armies. However we learn by letters from ſome of the officers, that every thing is in a good ſituation, and that the troops teſtify an ardour to come to an engagement with the enemy. It is generally thought that this campaign, whatever events may happen, will be the laſt.

HANOVER, June 19. We have juſt received advice, that the Princeſs Dowager of Wales, accompanied by the Duke of Glouceſter, arrived yeſterday in the evening at Brunſwick. Their Royal Highneſſes are expected here on Friday next; and the Regency are preparing to entertain them.

ANCONIA, June 19. The day before yeſterday letters arrived from the Morea of good authority, mentioning that the 30th ultimo, Prince Orlow had diſpatched 2000 regular troops, and 1600 Mainotes from Navarino to Corinth, to keep their poſt there, in order to prevent the Turks entering the Morea. Thoſe troops paſſed Muſeniga the 4th inſt. where they met Soldia Baſſa with an army of 36,000 Albanians; they engag d one another at eleven o'clock in the morning, and fought very violent till three o'clock in the afternoon; the Turks had 800 men killed, and 1600 taken priſoners, and loſt twenty-four colours, one officer's ſtaff, twenty kettle drums, five pieces of cannon, and a great deal of baggage and proviſion. The reſt of the army, with Soldia Baſſa, took their flight to Lepanto; the Ruſſians and Greeks had about 400 men killed, and 1500 wounded, among whom are ſix officers. As ſoon as this victory was gained, a ſtrong detachment marched to the fortreſs of Polli Kaſtro at the ſtreights of the Morea, quickly to take the ſame. The faithfulneſs of the Greeks and Mainotes, both to their Religion and to the Empreſs cannot be expreſſed. The ſame day Prince Dolgorucki marched to Droboliazza with 15,000 men, part Ruſſians and part Greeks, to beſiege that capital of the Morea, and to chaſtiſe the Governor for his brutality to the principal citizens.

WARSAW, June 23. A few days ago a corps of ſome thouſand Turks and Tartars came ſuddenly upon a Ruſſian poſt between Bender and Yaſſy, when the Ruſſians made a feint of retreating, and thereby drawing the enemy into an ambuſcade, the greateſt part of them were killed or drowned.

DANTZICK, June 16. We are aſſured, that 1500 Ruſſians have entered Courland, to bring thoſe perſons to their duty who have formed a party againſt the duke. Such a vaſt quantity of corn has arrived here for ſome weeks paſt, that we can hardly find places to put it in.

GENOA, June 2. The captain of a veſſel arrived from the Levant relates, that on the 17th laſt he ſailed from Coron in the Morea, where five Ruſſian ſhips of war, with a bomb ketch, and ſome tranſports were employed in beſieging that place; that on the fifth day after his departure, he touched at the iſland of Cerviho; that having ſailed again on the 24th, he met, on the 26th in the latitude of Sapienza, the Ruſſian ſquadron which he had left at Coron; that the commander of one of theſe veſſels announced to him the reduction of that town, and told him they were going to form the ſiege of Modon.

HAGUE, June 29. The laſt letters from Conſtantinople adviſe, that the meetings of the Divan are more frequent than ever, and that all the news received from the army, commanded by the Grand Vizir, is kept a profound ſecret. The people are much diſpleaſed at this ſilence, but are kept in temper by ſome favourable accounts now and then of ſucceſſes in the Morea, where the Ruſſians are repreſented as in a way to be all maſacred; but as ſuch methods cannot long ſucceed, an inſurrection is apprehended, when the truth can be no longer concealed. The foreign miniſters hardly dare go out of their houſes, for fear of being inſulted by the enraged populace, which is a reaſon why we can get no accounts to be depended upon of the real ſituation of the affairs of the Porte. On the other hand a report prevails, that Perſia has concluded a treaty with Ruſſia, in conſequence of which the former will ſoon declare war againſt the Turks.

CADIZ, June 8. The Daniſh ſquadron, commanded by Vice-Admiral Kaus, deſigned to act againſt the Algerines, came to, the 2d inſt. in our road, a little way out of the Bay. They lay there two days, and took in refreſhments from this port. On the 4th they ſet ſail for Gibraltar, where they are to water, and then ſail directly for Algiers. This ſquadron was joined at Cadiz by the Chriſtianſoe, a frigate of thirty guns, which arrived the day before from Carthagena.

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FROM A LATE ENGLISH PAPER.

"Lo! ſwarming o'er the new diſcovered World,
"Gay Colonies extend;-----
"Bound by ſocial Freedom, firm they riſe,
"Of Briton's Empire, the ſupport and ſtrength.

THE unhappy differences between this Country and the Colonies of North-America require the utmoſt wiſdom of Parliament to heal them, and no Member, it is hoped, will adviſe an improper exertion of power. It is the true intereſt of Britain to acquire and retain, not to alienate, the affections of her Colonies, which ſurpaſs moſt kingdoms in Europe in power and number of people, and this can only be done but by kind uſage; never therefore did the welfare and even independance of this kingdom call more for the utmoſt wiſdom, and united councils of the Government, than at this time, when it is hoped they will adopt lenitive meaſures, rather than coercive ones. For it ſhould be remembered, the Britiſh Empire extends on the ſea-coaſt of that continent above 2000 miles, in which is every kind of ſoil and climate, and therefore yeilds in great plenty every kind of the productions of Europe, and many which Europe has not.

Beſides theſe bleſſings of life, they have all the ſinews of power; innumerable iron mines; endleſs foreſts of oak, and other timber; pitch, tar, hemp, flax; vaſt banks, rivers, bays, harbours abounding with the greateſt fiſheries on the globe, ſo that not a doubt can be entertained that this vaſt country will become the greateſt empire that the world has ever ſeen; we ought, therefore, to adopt true policy, which is to rule them with lenity, for that only can continue them for ages to us, which an exertion of power will certainly fail to ſecure for a few years. They are now computed at three millions, which is near equal to half the number of this nation. The ruling policy of every ſtate is ſelf-intereſt; the policy, therefore, of every ſtate of Europe muſt induce them to wiſh a revolt of our Colonies, and they would not fail of ſupporting them either openly or ſecretly, with a view to weaken this kingdom, and to have that whole continent thrown open to them in point of trade, which this country now alone enjoys. The part which both England and France took when Holland revolted from Spain, proves that my apprehenſions are not ill founded. If, therefore, Severity be uſed, and that deſperation ſhould enſue, it would not only be matter of great joy to our invetcrate enemies, but they would ſecond ſuch diſobedience with all their power, and thereby hope to reduce the dignity of Great-Britain. It ſhould always be remembered that Spain loſt both Portugal and Holland by her acts of Severity, and in thoſe famous revolutions every power in Europe rejoiced. Theſe conſiderations ſhould make us very careful in our conduct towards America. It certainly is miſtaken policy to attempt ruling ſo vaſt a continent, already abounding with millions, by the rod of power; the deſire of independance is inherent in every man, and few will bear even imaginary grievances, with the means in their hands, however deſperate, of ſhaking them off; this has been ſeen in Rome, which was once the Miſtreſs of the world, the ſeat of arts, empire, and glory, but who, by her oppreſſion of Aſia, Africa, and Europe, forced them to renounce her juriſdiction, and ſet up for themſelves, in conſequence of which great kingdoms aroſe, and this country (Britain) anciently the jeſt of the Romans, became the ſeat of liberty, plenty, and power, whilſt her former ſovereign, Rome, lies ſunk in ſlavery, ignorance, and poverty. Let this be a warning how we conduct ourſelves to our Colonies, who are certainly too high ſpirited to be enſlaved; we ſhould remember, that they are Engliſhmen, that their anceſtors fled to the foreſts of America for the ſake of Liberty, and that their ſons are actuated by the principles of Liberty, which ſpirit, perhaps, is more prevailing there than in this Country.

Both Parliament and Miniſters are men, and therefore ſubject to error; if they have been guilty of any in their conduct towards America, it will be happy for both Countries, and do honour to themſelves, to retract them by removing every exiſting cauſe of complaint; by which they will ſecure the affections of all North-America, and their labours, as heretofore, will be united in promoting the trade and intereſt of this kingdom.

Yours, &c. RATIONALIS.

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BOSTON, JULY 30.

Extract of a Letter from Philadelphia, July 16.

"You'll ſee by the Pennſylvania Chronicle of yeſterday the whole of our public tranſactions reſpecting the deſection of New-York; on which I would here obſerve, that the meeting at the State-Houſe was numerous and reſpectable, and the reſolutions quite unanimous, nor was there any debate, unleſs it was on the inſertion of ſome very hard terms and epithets which all acknowledged the Yorkers deſerved, but we tho't were below the dignity of our city and cenſure to inſert.---You may depend on it, that the reſolutions will be practiced as well as voted, we are well aſſured the Southern Colonies will concur with us, and expect that you and Connecticut will alſo, and we care little about the reſt.---It grows a more and more prevailing opinion here that we can very well do without Engliſh goods, except a few articles, and be better without, than with them, though the beginning to break through the old habit of uſing them, may be ſomewhat irkſome to us, like a drunkard, when he firſt renounces his cups, feels all the force of corrupt appetite, which nevertheleſs is ſoon ſucceeded by that eaſy, natural, and happy flow of ſpirits, which ariſes from a temperate uſe of neceſſary refreſhments, we do really begin to get over the firſt of theſe mortifying feelings, and have a little of the other, for 'tis obſerved here already that money is much more plenty than uſual, families leſs extravagant, and more induſtrious: We have in embrio almoſt every neceſſary manufacture, which will ſoon ſupply our wants; it becomes reputable to be frugal and induſtrious, and we think ourſelves much more happy, while buſied about ſome manufacture immediately under our view, at home, than in negociating diſtant and largely extended connections, which never fail to be attended, more or leſs, with riſk, vexation and diſappointment, and at beſt leaves but a poor inheritance to a family; nothing being more liable to be diſſipated by a young unexperienced heir, than a trading ſtock; ſo that, we think, if we do not grow rich ſo faſt in a manufacturing as in a trading way, yet we can make what we do get, at home, more durable, and more likely in the end to eſtabliſh our families.---In fine, we have not a thought of giving back, till we are baſely deſerted by the other colonies, another inſtance of which we can hardly expect -----Indeed we grow eaſy about the importation, in the view of intereſt, as well as that of reſentment againſt Great-Britain, or that of a means of redreſs of grievances. My paper is poor, but 'tis American made, which I hope will give you patience in reading and pleaſure in reflection."---

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WOODBRIDGE, (*New-Jerſey*) JULY 23.

WHEREAS ſeveral Merchants of the City of New-York, have, contrary to their own moſt ſolemn Engagements, ſhamefully and perfidiouſly broke through the general Non-Importation Agreement, to the Encouragement of a corrupt Miniſtry, as well as in Violation of the ſacred Rights of every true born Britiſh Subject of North-America:

WHEREFORE, we the Freeholders and Freemen of the Townſhip of Woodbridge, in New-Jerſey, have, at a general Meeting, convened for that Purpoſe, unanimouſly come into the following Reſolves, viz.

1. RESOLVED, That we owe and maintain all due Allegiance to our rightful Sovereign GEORGE the Third, King of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, &c.

2. RESOLVED, That we, as free-born Subjects of the Dominion of Great-Britain, claim an undoubted Right to all the natural Privileges of our happy Conſtitution, and that any the leaſt miniſterial Infringement thereon, is manifeſt Injuſtice and Oppreſſion.

3. RESOLVED, That although the Duties may be wholly taken off every Article whereon they were impoſed, we will not, unleſs they make ample Confeſſion of their Crime, directly or indirectly, hold any Kind of mercantile Connection with any of thoſe Importers, ſo violating the ſaid general Non-Importation Agreement, nor with any Perſon that may purchaſe Goods of any of them, in order to carry on a Retail Trade among us.

4. RESOLVED, That we will treat every ſuch Importer, who ſhall paſs through our Town, with the utmoſt Contempt and Diſdain, and ſtigmatize him, in whatever Company he may happen among us, with the approbious Name of the Enemy and Betrayer of his Country.

5. RESOLVED, That all and every of theſe Reſolves be ſtrictly adherred to, and remain in Force, until the ſame ſhall be duly altered by a general Town-Meeting, of the Freeholders and Freemen, to be called for that Purpoſe.

6. And laſtly, RESOLVED, That we do hereby appoint Jonathan Frazer, Samuel Barron, David Alſton, George Brown, and Nathaniel Heard, Eſqrs. Joſeph Skotwell, Axford Burt, William Edgar, George Everſon, John Roſs, Jeremiah Manning, and John Thorp, jun. Merchants; Reuben Evans, Robert Clarkſon, Henry Force, Ebenezer Foſter, David Edgar, Matthias Baker, John Moores, Moſes Bloomfield, Richard Wright, Eſek Fitz Randolph, Daniel Skotwell, and William Smith, Farmers, to be a ſtanding Committee, to correſpond with the ſeveral Committees of this and the neighbouring Provinces, as Occaſion may require, by a Majority of thoſe who ſhall, from Time to Time, meet on proper Notice by Advertiſement, to be exhibited by at leaſt three of our ſaid Committee, for that Purpoſe.

Dennis Combes, Charles Jackſon, John Dobbs, Daniel Denham, Thomas F. Randolph, Ebenezer Foſter, Samuel Stone, Ichabod Bunn, Barnaby Kearney, Joſeph Skotwell, jun. Jackſon Bunn, Robert Fitz Randolph, Lewis Evans, Samuel Bloomfield, Thomas Brown, John Brown, Stephen Chandler, Eſek Fitz Randolph, John Moores, George Brown, Nathaniel Heard, Moſes Bloomfield, M. D. Nathaniel Fitz Randolph, Reuben Evans, Joſeph Bloomfield, Iſaac Tappen.

We conclude the above Signers ſufficient to be inſerted, though we would inform our Friends, that we expect Copies to be ſigned univerſally by our Inhabitants.

EAST-FLORIDA.

The PRESENTMENTS of the GRAND JURORS *for the Body of this Province, at a Court of General Seſſions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Aſſize and General Goal Delivery, begun and holden at* ST. AUGUSTINE, *on Wedneſday the* 20th *June*, 1770.

I. WE preſent as a Nuſance, the Neceſſary Houſe, placed oppoſite the New Barracks; and are of Opinion, if it were to be removed only a few Feet nearer the Low Water Mark, every Tide would carry it off.

II. We preſent as a Grievance, the preſent defective State of the Ferry over St. Sebaſtian's Creek; the Boats being very inſufficient, and more Hands wanted.

III. We preſent as a Grievance, the unwarrantable Liberty taken by Slaves, Servants, and others, in galloping Horſes through the Streets, to the imminent Danger of the Lives of every Perſon walking therein.

IV. We preſent Samuel Piles, for driving and ſlaughtering of Cattle, within the Town; on the Information of Robert Eglinſtone.

V. We preſent as a Grievance, the unhappy State of Priſoners for Debt, who are ſuffered to languiſh in Darkneſs and Filth, through the Arbitrary Orders or Neglect of the Provoſt-Marſhal, Turnkey, or their Deputies, without their legal Allowance for the common Neceſſaries of Life, for three Days together, as the Vouchers produced will teſtify.

VI. We preſent as a Grievance, that there are by much too few acting Juſtices of the Peace, in the Town of St. Auguſtine.

VII. We preſent in the laſt Place, as a very great Grievance, that there is no General Aſſembly in this Province; we being humbly of Opinion, that the Properties of the Subjects are by no Means ſecure under the preſent Inſufficiency of Laws, and that Numberleſs other Grievances, would by that Syſtem be redreſſed, which without it, the Inhabitants muſt continue to endure.

FRANCIS LEVETT, Foreman.	(L. S.)
WILLIAM CARSS,	(L. S.)
JAMES DELAIRE,	(L. S.)
JOHN RICHARDSON,	(L. S.)
WILLIAM WILLSON,	(L. S.)
GEORGE KEMP,	(L. S.)
JOHN DAWSON,	(L. S.)
ROBERT PAYNE,	(L. S.)
GEORGE LAIDLER,	(L. S.)
GEORGE MID. POWELL,	(L. S.)
JOHN KENWARD,	(L. S.)
CHARLES DELAP,	(L. S.)
THOMAS STONE,	(L. S.)
SPENCER MAUL,	(L. S.)

CHARLES-TOWN, SEPTEMBER 4.

HIS Honour the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleaſed to appoint William Maſſey, Eſq; Collector of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms for the Port of Beaufort, Port-Royal, in the Room of Richard Halloway, Eſq; deceaſed.

A regular Poſt is eſtabliſhed from hence to North-Carolina, to ſet off every other Tueſday from the General Poſt-Office here, ſo that Letters may now be conveyed eaſily by Land to and from all the Northern Provinces.

The Sloop Charles-Town, Captain Durfee, ſailed for Boſton Yeſterday, in whom went Paſſengers Charles Odingſell, Eſq; and Son.

DIED] Mr. William Carwithen, aged 66 Years, 41 of which he lived in this Province.

Price of RICE 50s. per 100 lb.

Auguſt	CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD.	*From*
28th.	Brig Prince of Wales, Thomas Maſon,	Philadelphia
	Sloop Charming Jenny, George Pitts,	Jamaica
31ſt.	Sloop Ranger, John Beck,	Dominico
Auguſt	ENTRIES OUTWARD.	*For*
28th.	Sloop Maes, Henry Zurhorſt,	Boſton
	Sloop Sukey & Nancy, Thomas Newbold,	Antigua
	Schooner Exchange, Joſeph Dickenſon,	Barbados
29th.	Schooner Sampit, George Mitchell,	Antigua
	Ship Nanny, David Perry,	Liſbon
	Ship Friendſhip, James Cowan,	Ditto
30th.	Schooner Succeſs, Charles Rowland,	New-Providence
	Brig Prince of Wales, William Moore,	Philadelphia
	Schooner Elizabeth, Samuel Johnſton,	Jamaica
Auguſt	CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE.	*For*
27th.	Sloop Polly, Ezra Whipple,	Antigua
28th.	Ship Nanny, David Perry,	Liſbon
29th.	Ship Friendſhip, James Cowan,	Ditto
	Schooner Liberty, William Gickie,	Penſacola
	Sloop Maes, Henry Zurhorſt,	Boſton
31ſt.	Schooner Joanna, Thomas Ellis,	Jamaica
	Sloop Charles-Town, Joſeph Durfee,	Boſton
	Schooner Sampit, George Mitchell,	Antigua
Sept.	1ſt. Schooner Succeſs, Charles Rowland,	New-Providence
	Schooner Expedition, John Doran,	St. Auguſtine
	Sloop Thomas & Anthony, William Sears,	Dominico

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A Freſh Supply of EDWARD JOYCE's famous AMERICAN BALSAM, which has proved ſerviceable in moſt of the Diſorders mentioned in the Directions, is juſt received by Captain SCHERMERHORN, from NEW-YORK, and to be ſold by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.

ALL Kinds of Blanks uſed in this Province, to be ſold by the Printer hereof.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Charles-Town, Auguſt 29, 1770.

THE Reverend Mr. PANTING, upon his Appointment to the Rectory of the Pariſh of St. Andrew, has ſignified to the Commiſſioners of the Provincial Free-School, his Intention to reſign the Place of Head Maſter. Any Perſon well qualified, and deſirous of ſucceeding him, may apply to the Honourable WILLIAM BULL, Eſquire, Preſident.

ISAAC MOTTE,
INTENDING TO DECLINE TRADE,
WILL SELL OFF,
His VALUABLE *and* WELL-ASSORTED
STOCK OF GOODS,
At once for ready CASH:—*Among which are the following,*

WHITE, blue, green, and drab coloured PLAINS, duffil and bed blankets, flannels and ſwanſkin, men, women, and boys coarſe and fine worſted and yarn hoſe, ſilk, cotton, and thread ditto, womens ſcarlet cloaks and cardinals, faſhionable broad cloths, with proper trimmings, Iriſh linens, cambricks, plain, flowered, and ſpoted muſlin, great variety of worked ditto, for ladies gowns and aprons, plain and figured book ditto, damaſk and diaper table cloths, and tea napkins, huckaback, Ruſſia ſheeting and toweling, faſhionable plain and flowered ſilks, one piece of beautiful gauſe, plain and flowered ſattins, Engliſh and India coloured ſilk petticoats, ſatin and brocade pumps, great choice of low priced India chints, printed callicoes, and linens, very handſome bed patterns, ladies ties, coloured gauſe for ditto, Bruſſels, minionet, and blond lace, ornamental and uſeful china, glaſs and ſtone ware, blackmen and plantation tools of every kind, ſeveral boxes of tin, variety of ſaddlery, cutlery, and ironmongery, ſheep ſkins, a neat ſmall fire engine at *ſeven* for *one*, London cordage, at 10l. per ct. ſail cloth from No. 1 to 8, weight for *one*.

Any perſon taking the whole ſhall have them a great bargain.

tbetf.

The Subſcriber hereby acquaints the Public in general, and his Friends in particular, that he keeps an *Office*, where Merchants and Tradeſmen may have their Books regularly kept by the Month; and whenever needful, ballanced with Likewiſe opened properly for thoſe commencing the Buſineſs of Buſineſs; and ſuperintended with the utmoſt Care.——Partnerſhips Accounts, and Accounts of Executors, Executors, &c. properly ſcrutinized, and accurately adjuſted—Thoſe apprehenſive of a Failure of Action at Law, in Reſpect to Embarraſment in their Affairs (if it is more than probable) may meet with a happy Prevention, through timely applying to the Advertiſer; who will with the utmoſt Secrecy and Diſpatch, endeavour to give ſatisfying Satisfaction, and encourage the Public to their *Moſt obedient Servant,*

JACOB VALK.

The Corner of Murray's Bridge, near the Fortifications.

MRS. THOMSON,
(Oppoſite to Mr. JOHN M'CALL's, in Tradd-ſtreet)
Acquainted to the MILINARY BUSINESS *at large, has commenced it here; and has at preſent on hand*

A GREAT ASSORTMENT of GOODS,
IN THAT WAY:

Which ſhe propoſes more particularly to carry on that Branch by making up of Ladies Head-Dreſſes, Stomachers, Quilling, raiſing, mending, and *fine joining* Flanders, Engliſh, and Bruſſels Lace, and hopes to give Satisfaction to thoſe who are pleaſed to employ her.

JOHN GILES,
Has imported in the Charming Sally, *Captain* Duncan, *from* LONDON, *and to be ſold on very reaſonable Terms*

WHITE and coloured PLAINS, beſt London DUFFILS, oznabrugs, neat fowling pieces, beſt broad hoes, falling axes, and ſundry other articles, annually imported at this ſeaſon of the year, and agreeable *to the Reſolutions*; with his ſtock of DRY GOODS on hand, among which are many ſcarce and uſeful articles, viz.——A cheſt of the very beſt flavoured HYSON TEA, lately opened, at 5l. 15s. per lb. neat and fashionable patterns of bed curtains, a large aſſortment of yard-wide Iriſh and Scotch linens, from 11s. 3d. to 3s. per yard, neat gown patterns, worſted damaſks, calamancoes and tammies, coarſe and ſuperfine faſhionable broad cloths, balloons, and trimmings, wiltons, German ſerge, Bath coating, cotton ſtripes and checks, long pipes, Oronoco and Rogers's beſt tobacco, &c. &c.—He likewiſe has for ſale, very beſt Madera and other WINES, ſpirituous liquors of all kinds, old and genuine, a few large rum caſks, ſalt, iron, butter, and flour from the back ſettlements, and many other articles too tedious to mention here.

Superfine FLOUR in whole and half barrels, water, milk, and butter bread in kegs, juſt arrived in the Brig Prince of Wales, Captain Maſon, from *Philadelphia*.

N. B. The height of market price given for COUNTRY Produce, and taken in all payments.

ROBERT WILSON,
Has imported in the Nancy, *Capt.* Jordan, *from* LONDON,
A Large and compleat Aſſortment of DRUGS, CHEMICAL, GALENICAL, and FAMILY MEDICINES, SURGEONS INSTRUMENTS, &c. &c. which will be ſold on the moſt reaſonable Terms, at the old Shop near the Vendue-Houſe, on the Bay.

HENRY RUGELEY,
Has imported in the Ship Charming Sally, *Captain* Duncan, *from* LONDON,

A Large Quantity of Watchet PLAINS, white, blue, and green NEGRO CLOTH, with ſundry other Articles, which he will diſpoſe of on very reaſonable Terms, at his Store the Corner of Church and Tradd-ſtreets.

☞ Very good German Oznabrugs, at 3s. per Yard.

TO BE SOLD,
On Thurſday the 27th of September Inſtant, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town,

A BOND of JOHN HAMILTON, Eſq; deceaſed, to GEORGE HUNTER, Eſq; deceaſed, for the penal Sum of *Six Hundred Pounds*, good and lawful Money of Great-Britain, with Judgement for the ſame, and Damages filed December 10, 1755.

ROBERT BRISBANE, Adminiſtrator.

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of LAND, in the Upper-End of King-ſtreet, joining Mrs. Clifford; the Front Part containing 46 Feet, and the Depth 230 Feet. Enquire of

JACOB WILLEMAN, *in Charles-Town.*

LITTLE or no Regard being paid to my former Advertiſements, requeſting all Perſons indebted to me to make Payment: This is for the laſt Time to give Notice to all ſuch, that I expect they will pay off or ſettle their reſpective Accounts by the 25th of November next, as no farther Indulgence can or will be given.

ANDREW TAYLOR.

IT being abſolutely neceſſary to bring the Affairs of the late WILLIAM WILLIAMS, of Charles-Town, Taylor, deceaſed; as alſo thoſe of WILLIAMS & PROCTOR, to a Concluſion, in Order to ſatisfy their Creditors: This is therefore to acquaint whom it may concern, that as Mr. *Charles Atkins*, one of the Executors of ſaid WILLIAM WILLIAMS, is gone off the Province, and the Subſcriber, the other Executor, reſides in the Country, he has placed the Bonds, Notes, and Accounts due to the ſaid WILLIAM WILLIAMS, and WILLIAMS & PROCTOR, in the Hands of *William Burrows*, Eſq; with Directions to ſue all ſuch, who ſhall neglect to pay their reſpective Debts within one Month from the Date hereof.

September 1, 1770. SOLOMON FREER.

RUN-AWAY with laſt Night, the 2d inſtant, from Sullivan's-Iſland, a SAILING BOAT, called the Sally, with her ſails, &c. lately belonging to Mr. CORNELIUS DEWES, but now to the ſubſcriber; ſhe is 23 feet long, and very near 8 feet wide, has a new main-maſt, made of ſpruce pine, her fore-maſt old, but of the ſame wood, the main-thaught one ſolid piece of cedar, white upper works, and black bottom. Whoever takes up and ſecures the thief or thieves, and delivers the boat to the ſubſcriber at the Fer-Ferry, on Sullivan's-Iſland, ſhall be handſomely rewarded for their trouble.

THOMAS ROBINSON.

Goſe-Creek, September 1, 1770.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber's plantation at Back-River, on the 31ſt of Auguſt laſt, two young NEGRO FELLOWS, lately belonged to Mr. *Bullock*, of Georgia, and ſold in Charles-Town by Roger Pinckney, Eſq; named APRIL and PRINCE:—APRIL is about 25 years old, pretty black, has a ſcar on one of his arms, where he was burnt when young:—PRINCE is about 17 years old; both very likely——As I judge they will be making for Georgia, hope thoſe who keep Ferries to the ſouthward, will not let any negroes paſs without examining them. Whoever will deliver them either to my overſeer at St. George's, near Bacon's-bridge, or Back River plantation, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS reward, and all reaſonable charges, from

HENRY SMITH.

RUN-AWAY about the middle of May laſt, a negro man named SIRRAH, of the Guinea country, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, of a pretty black complexion, ſpeaks tolerable Engliſh, not very thick, ſuppoſed to be between 30 and 40 years old: A negro woman named MOLLY, alſo of the Guinea country, ſuppoſed to be near 40 years of age, of a middle ſize, and ſpeaks Engliſh: A negro man named GLASGOW, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, a well made fellow, has a place on his head like a kind of a ſpot without hair, and a large ſcar on his belly, both which are apprehended have proceeded from a burn, ſpeaks Engliſh but poorly, with a ſqueaking voice in common, is of the Ebo country; the two laſt have lived in Chriſt-Church pariſh before I bought them, and may be gone there, but expect the fellows are ſome where in St. Thomas's pariſh, (as they lived with me there till I left it) or about Charles-Town, as they were uſed to go to market, and made acquaintance there.—— Whoever takes up any or all of the above SLAVES, and delivers them to the warden of the Work-houſe in Charles-Town, or to me at Furmania, near the High-hills of Santee, in Craven county, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS currency reward for each, and reaſonable charges.

September 3, 1770. WOOD FURMAN.

Charles-Town, Auguſt 28 1770.

STRAYED from the yard of WILLIAM CREIGHTON, at the Croſs-keys in King ſtreet, about 2 months ago, a flea-bitten gray MARE, about 14 hands high, nine years old, branded on the mounting ſhoulder GJ, and has the mark of a wolf bite, on her mounting buttock, near her tail. Whoever delivers her to ſaid WILLIAM CREIGHTON, or to PETER HORN, at Stono ferry, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS reward.

TO BE LET,
A Pleaſant, airy TENEMENT, in Kinloch-Court. Enquire of
GIDEON DUPONT, jun.

SAMUEL BURN, Saddler,

DESIRES all thoſe indebted to him to the firſt of January laſt, to diſcharge their reſpective Debts, or they may expect to find their Accounts in the Hands of an Attorney at Law, by the beginning of next Month, to be immediately ſued for.

TO BE SOLD,

A Young Country-born Negro WENCH, with her firſt Child, two Years old, and is now pregnant; ſhe is an extraordinary good Waſher and Ironer, can cook, ſews very well, and ſold for no Fault. Enquire of the Printer.

ALL Perſons indebted to the late Co-partnerſhips of BRAILSFORD & CHAPMAN, and JOHN CHAPMAN, and Company, are requeſted to make immediate Payment, as the Death of Mr. Chapman makes it neceſſary to ſettle thoſe Concerns without Delay.

THOMAS BEE,
Attorney for Samuel Brailsford, ſurviving Copartner.

STOLEN from my Landing, about the firſt of June laſt, a CYPRESS CANOE, about 28 Feet long, and three Feet and an half wide, rows with four Oars; has a Chain to her, a Piece in her Stem, and another in her Stern, with a black Bottom, and is painted red within. Whoever will deliver her to me at Bear-Bluff, ſhall receive TWO DOLLARS reward, from

WILLIAM SMELIE.

WHEREAS one WILLIAM SOMMERFIELD, alias SAMUEL SOMMERALL, late of the neighbourhood of Auguſta, having brought FOUR HORSES before me, to prove his property, in order to enable him the better to diſpoſe of them in the lower ſettlements, who being interrogated as to his right in them, ſhewed his guilt of having ſtolen them, by his running off on foot, and leaving the Horſes.

The following deſcription of them may enable the owner or owners to recover his or their property, by proving the ſame, before WILLIAM SWINTON.

A ſorrel GELDING, 13 and an half hands high, ſeven years old, branded on the mounting ſhoulder GG, and on the mounting buttock IM, with an heart above, and has a long ſnip down his face.

A brown bay GELDING, 13 hands high, 9 years old, branded on the off ſhoulder 2 K.

A gray GELDING, 13 and an half hands high, 9 years old, branded on the off buttock as with the bottom of a flat ſtirrup iron.

A brown bay MARE, appears to be aged, branded 7 T on the mounting ſhoulder, and on the left cheek 7T in one, and about 13 hands high.

The following STRAYS were brought before me to be tolled.

By Mr. JOHN LAMBERT, a brown bay GELDING, 13 hands high, 5 years old, branded on the off ſhoulder ſomething reſembling two OC joining, has loſt the ſight of his left eye.

By Mr. WILLIAM SHANDLE, overſeer for Mr. John Waring, a ſorrel GELDING, about 14 years old, 13 and an half hands high, branded on the mounting buttock and ſhoulder 11.

A Brown bay horſe, about 14 hands high, branded on each ſhoulder thus ⓘ, both hind feet white, in care of Robert Cahuſac.

A black natural pacing mare, about 13 hands high, branded on the mounting buttock 7, in the care of Charles Richbourgh.

A red ſteer, with a crop and ſlit in one ear, the other with a hole in it, that looks as if it was tore out, has no perceivable brand, in the care of Gabriel Gignilliat.

A brindled bull, five years old, both ears cropt and ſlitted, no brand perceivable, in care of David Palmer.

A light coloured bay horſe, 15 hands and an half high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder and buttock IC in one, in care of William Flint.

Whoever owns any or all of the above ſtrays, muſt prove their property before

July 31, 1770. JOHN PAMOR.

THE Subſcriber is deſired to inform all whom it may concern, that the Bonds, Notes, and Accompts, due to the late Copartnerſhip of Meſſrs. GODFREY & GADSDEN, are placed in his Hands, with poſitive Inſtructions to ſue all ſuch who ſhall neglect to pay their reſpective Debts by the 10th Day of September next; in the mean Time thoſe who think proper to avail themſelves of this Intimation, may do it without any Expence; but after the Expiration of the above limited Time, thoſe who neglect to ſettle, muſt expect to pay the Coſts of a Writ, as no further Notice will be given by

WILLIAM BURROWS.

TO BE SOLD CHEAP, FOR NO FAULT,

A Healthy, young, Country born WENCH, with her young Child, who has been uſed to the Country.—She can cook and waſh very well, and will be warranted ſober and honeſt. Enquire of the Printer.

☞ ADVERTISEMENTS omitted this Week, will be duly noticed in our next.

THOSE who have any Demands againſt the Eſtate of BENJAMIN SMITH, Eſquire, deceaſed, are deſired immediately to make them known to us; and all Perſons that are indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to diſcharge the ſame by the 20th Day of October next.

THOMAS SMITH,
ISAAC MOTTE, } Executors.

☞ *Call on Thomas Smith.*

WEBB & DOUGHTY,

Have juſt imported in the Ship Nancy, *Captain* Jordan, *from* LONDON,

THEIR Supply of white and coloured PLAINS, which are of a good Width and Quality; and will be ſold exceeding reaſonable at their Store near the new Exchange, on the Bay.

N. B. At the above Store may be had, a neat London made eight Inch CABLE, at *Coſt* and *Charges*—☞ For CASH ONLY.

WILLIAM SYKES,

HAS FOR SALE,

JUST IMPORTED from PHILADELPHIA,

BEST ſuperfine FLOUR in Barrels, Half Barrels and Kegs, Milk, Water and Butter BISCUIT, LOAF SUGAR, GIN in Caſes, high Proof Jamaica and Philadelphia RUM, BAR IRON, a Variety of WINDSOR CHAIRS, bottled BEER, and CHERRY RUM, with ſundry other Articles as uſual.

ANNE GRIMBALL,

TAKES this Method to inform the Public in general, and her Friends in particular, that ſhe has this Day opened SCHOOL, in a pleaſant and airy Part of the Town, where ſhe now lives, on White Point; and propoſes to teach Reading and Needle-Work. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour her with the Tuition of their Children, may depend on her beſt Endeavours to give Satisfaction.

N. B. She would take a few Children as Boarders.

Charles Town, Auguſt 27, 1770.

GEORGE THOMSON,

Has Imported in the Ship Charming Sally, *Captain* Duncan, *from* LONDON,

A Good Aſſortment of white and coloured PLAINS, beſt London DUFFILS, &c. and ſundry other Articles the RESOLUTIONS allow to be imported; Which, with his former Stock of Goods, he will diſpoſe of reaſonably at his Store in Tradd-ſtreet.

N. B. Some Caſes of aſorted NAILS, to be ſold cheap for CASH.

JUST IMPORTED in the Sloop William & Mary, *from* BOSTON, *and to be SOLD*

By ALDEN BASS,

At Store No 3, on Col Beale's Wharf,

NEW-ENGLAND RUM—MOLASSES—BROWN SUGAR—choice SPERMACÆTI CANDLES—CHOCOLATE——TRAIN OIL——MACKREL——WOODEN WARE——YELLOW OAKER, &c. very cheap for Caſh.

☞ Said SLOOP is for SALE, as ſhe now lies at Colonel Beale's Wharf.

Imported in the Prince of Wales, *Captain* Maſon, *from* PHILADELPHIA, *and to be SOLD*

By THOMAS SHUTE,

At his Store the Corner of Elliott-ſtreet, on the Bay,

SUPERFINE Flour, Ship Bread, Pilot ditto, Milk, Butter, and Water Bread in Kegs, Loaf Sugar, freſh Chocolate, Muſtard, Oat Meal, Flour of Ginger, bottled Beer and Cyder packed in Caſks, Cyder Royal in Half Barrels, Linſeed Oil, Cherries preſerved for making Cherry Bounce in ſmall Caſks, Vinegar by the Gallon or Keg, Iron Dutch Ovens, Bake Pans, Tea Kettles, Mortars and Peſtles, Skellets, Saſh Weights for Windows, ſmall Pots, Bar Iron, Plow-ſhare Moulds, &c. Earthen Ware in Crates and Barrels, Riding Chairs, Chair Harneſs, Horſe Collars, a neat Phæton, with Harneſs compleat for two Horſes, Spining Wheels for Flax and Cotton, Men and Women's Shoes, German-Town Stockings, a few Barrels of Apples, &c. &c.——N. B. Good FINE SALT in Barrels.

To be SOLD for Caſh, or on ſhort Credit; or Produce will be taken in Payment,

A Compleat COPPER STILL, WORM, and every Apparatus, that will hold 90 Gallons——'tis of the London make.

A NEGRO FELLOW, fit for a Drudge in Town, or the Plantation Buſineſs. ALSO,

A ſmart NEGRO GIRL.——*All warranted without Fault.* Enquire of the Printer.

LOST laſt Friday Afternoon, between Mr. Greenſword's and the Town-Gate, a RED MOROCCO POCKET BOOK, with a Silver Lock, containing a few Surgeons Inſtruments, an Aſs-ſkin Memorandum Book, a few Papers, of no Conſequence to any but the Owner, and ſome ſmall Money. Whoever has found and will deliver it to the Printer hereof, ſhall receive TWO DOLLARS Reward, over and above whatever Money it contained. *Auguſt 27, 1770.*

WANTED,

BOARDING and LODGING for a Gentleman, in a private Family.—Whoever may be diſpoſed to accommodate him, may hear of the Party, by applying to the Printer of this Paper.

AN EVENING SCHOOL,

WAS OPENED,

At the Subſcriber's Houſe, in GADSDEN'S-ALLEY,

On MONDAY the 3d of September Inſt.

Where Youth may be qualified for Buſineſs, by

WILLIAM HUTCHINS.

WANTED,

ON HIRE, OR TO PURCHASE,

AN healthy NEGRO FELLOW, than can cook, and is handy about a Houſe: Alſo a good Houſe WENCH, by

JOHN SAVAGE.

TAKEN from a Negro early on Sunday Morning laſt, about 35 Yards of WHITE NEGRO CLOTH, which it is ſuppoſed he had ſtolen. The Owner may have it, by paying for this Advertiſement, giving a ſmall Reward to the Perſon who ſtopt it, and applying to the Printer hereof.

TO BE LET,

A Commodious ſmall TENEMENT, in Guignard-ſtreet, next Door to the Rev. Mr. Panting, and at preſent occupied by Mr. Proſſer. Enquire of

ISAAC MOTTE.

EDWARD WALLACE, informs me of a GRAY GELDING, about 14 hands high, branded on the mounting buttock WP. in one, having ſtrayed into his paſture on Charles-Town Neck, near Mr. Cochran's ſhipyard. The owner may prove his property before

Auguſt 23, 1770. WILLIAM MASON, J. P.

To be LEASED,

FOR SEVEN YEARS,

MRS. GADSDEN'S PLANTATION,

(About a Mile from Charles-Town)

VERY pleaſantly ſituated on *Aſhley-River*, and at a very convenient Diſtance to ſend the Market with Garden-Stuff, Milk, and other Articles.—The Leſſee may have it with, or without, an ISLAND, lately joined thereto by a very ſubſtantial Dam; which Dam, and another very ſhort one, leading from ſaid Iſland through Mr. ELLIOTT's Land into the Broad-Road, he will be required to keep in Repair, and leave in as good Order as he finds them. For further Particulars, enquire of

JAMES GADSDEN,
AND
ANDREW RUTLEDGE.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, at the houſe of Mr. PARKINSON, *at Strawberry ferry, on Tueſday the 4th of September inſtant, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon,*

ALL the HOUSHOLD FURNITURE of WILLIAM COACHMAN, deceaſed—Alſo one large well-rigged decked Schooner, burthen 110 barrels of rice; a large quantity of bricks, on a good landing, near the ſaid ferry; one large compleat canoe, with ſails, oars, &c. ſeveral lots of boxes and rings, for ox and horſe carts; a large parcel of old iron; with many other uſeful articles on a plantation.——Likewiſe fifteen prime likely NEGROES, among which are, an extraordinary ſeamſtreſs, waſher, ſpinner, and houſe-wench; ſome handy boys and girls.

Credit will be given to the firſt of January next, paying intereſt, and giving approved ſecurity. The property of nothing to be altered, until the conditions are complied with.

JAMES COACHMAN, Executor.

THOSE who are indebted to the Eſtate of JACOB MOTTE, Eſq; deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate Payment; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to ſend in their Accounts atteſted, to

Auguſt 20, 1770. JACOB MOTTE, or JOHN HUGER, } Executors.

TO BE SOLD CHEAP FOR CASH,

A NEGRO WENCH, about 25 Years old, ſhe is an exceeding good Seamſtreſs, and a tollerable Waſher and Ironer; She may have other good Qualifications, which the Owner of her is not acquainted with. For further Particulars, enquire of the Printer.

MARTIN REMLEY, Houſe-Carpenter and Joiner, in *Jane's-alley*, Charles-Town, begs leave to inform the ladies and gentlemen both in town and country, that he would be glad to ſerve them in either branches of his buſineſs; he flatters himſelf that he will give general ſatisfaction both in his workmanſhip and prices, and will eſteem it a particular favour of thoſe who may pleaſe to employ him.

N. B. The frame of a HOUSE, two ſtory high, 29 feet long, and 17 wide, to be SOLD reaſonable. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply as above.

New-Windſor, May 29, 1770.

MR. JOHN WISE informs me of a ſorrel horſe, about 14 hands high, between eight and nine years old, has a blaze down his forehead, branded on his mounting jaw, ſhoulder, and buttock T, on the mounting cuſhion like JM in one, and on the off ſhoulder like A⊢ in one, paces and trots out of hand, but paces all under the ſaddle.—Whoever owns the ſaid horſe, muſt prove his property before

DAVID ZUBLY, T. M.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS at a Court of Common Pleas, begun and holden at Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 14th Day of Auguſt, Inſtant, *Charles Atkins, Joſeph Dubourdieu, James Coachman, Daniel De Sauſſure, Chriſtopher Jenkins,* and *Iſaac Ladſon*, being duly ſummoned and returned to ſerve as Jurors at ſaid Court, made default, and were noted for Non-appearance: THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, that they will be fined in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS Proclamation Money each, unleſs they ſhall reſpectively make good and ſufficient Excuſes upon Oath for their Non-attendance, on or before the firſt Tueſday in October next.

JAMES JOHNSTON, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, Auguſt 15 1770.

CARNE & POINSETT,

Have imported in the MERMAID, *Captain* BALL, *from* LONDON,

A Large and compleat ASSORTMENT of DRUGS and MEDICINES.—Among which are all the Family Medicines uſually imported into this Province: Theſe, with the Stock already on Hand, they will ſell at the moſt reaſonable Rates Articles of that Sort can poſſibly be afforded, at their Shop in *Elliott-Street*, facing *Bedon's-Alley*.

N. B. Boxes of Medicines, for Plantations and Ships, made up on the ſhorteſt Notice.

TO BE SOLD CHEAP, for Caſh or ſhort Credit, the undermentioned ARTICLES, belonging to the Eſtate of THOMAS GADSDEN, Eſq; *deceaſed;*

TWO BOWDEN's Patent Machines, a Horſe Flat, a large Pettiauger, and five Goats. The above to be ſeen at Mrs. *Gadſden's* Plantation, on *Charles-Town* Neck.

ALSO,

A Lot of LAND, in ANSONBOROUGH.

LIKEWISE,

Eight French Chairs, two Sofas, and three Curtains of Crimſon Silk Damaſk, to be ſeen at Mrs. *Gadſden's* Houſe on the Bay. And a good dry CELLAR to be let. For further Particulars, enquire of

JAMES GADSDEN.
ANDREW RUTLEDGE, } Executors.

TO BE SOLD,

A Cypreſs CANOE, 24 Feet long, and three and an half wide, rows with four Oars, and carries two Sails.—Alſo two Plank built CANOES. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe either of the above Canoes, may apply upon Trott's Point, next Door to Mr. *William Ancrum*, to

EDWARD SHREWSBURY.

Brought to the WORK-HOUSE.

May 19, 1769. A mulatto fellow, calls himſelf *James*, ſays he was born in Jamaica, and belonged to Mrs. *Bonner*, the dying, Mr. *Gibbes*, merchant, took him, and he believes [illegible] dying on his paſſage to *Liverpool*, imagined himſelf free, as no one claimed him, ſhipped himſelf on board the Brig *Gambia*, Captain *Hudſon*, bound for the river *Gambia*, and continued twenty two months there, but on Captain *Davis's* arrival ſhipped himſelf with him for *South-Carolina*; he is five feet five inches high, ſtrait limbed, pitted with the ſmall pox, and has a cut over his right eye. Taken up by one Mr. *Hughes*, at Mr. *Gibbes's* property in *Jamaica*; but ſince has received the affidavits of Mr. *Palmer*, and Mr. *Philip Gibbes*, that the ſaid *James* is the property of Captain *Simple*, who uſes *Jamaica* from *London*.

November 7, 1769. A new negro fellow, of the *Kiſhey* country, calls himſelf *Pompey*, but cannot or will not tell his maſter's name; he is 5 feet 5 inches high, yelloviſh complexion, full faced, his country marks on his forehead, a cut on his noſe, ears bored, wants two teeth in his upper jaw, alſo wants a piece of his thumb on his left hand; has on an old white negro cloth jacket, check ſhirt, and crocus breeches. Taken up near Mr. *Webb's* plantation, *Congarees*.

June 21, 1770. A new negro fellow, cannot tell his own nor maſter's name, neither his country; he is 5 feet 3 inches high, thin viſage, his country marks down each ſide his face, wants a fore tooth in his lower jaw, has a long ſcar on his left arm from his ſhoulder downwards; has on an old white negro cloth coat and trowſers. Taken up at Mr. *Benjamin Stiles's* plantation, *Tugadoo*.

June 26, 1770. A new negro fellow, calls himſelf *Sambo*, but cannot tell his maſter's name nor country; he is 4 feet 11 inches high, black complexion, country marks on his forehead, red eyed, upper teeth filed, ſtrait limbed; has on a white negro cloth jacket and breeches. Taken up on *Long Bay*, by Mr. *Alliſon*.

July 4, 1770. A new negro fellow, calls himſelf *Jemmy*, but cannot tell his maſter's name nor country; he is 5 feet 6 inches high, black complexion, long beard, wants a fore tooth in his upper jaw, country marks on his breaſt, a cut on his left ſhoulder; has on a white negro cloth jacket and breeches. Taken up at Mr. *Alexander Wilſon's* plantation, in *Kingſton, Waccamaw*.

July 19, 1770. An Indian fellow, calls himſelf *Sam*, was taken up by one *William Mallet*, at *George Town*, who ſays the ſaid Indian belongs to *Thomas Mathewes*, near *Croſs-Creek, North-Carolina*; he is 5 feet 3 inches high, well ſet, ſtrait limbed, ſays he was born in the *Spaniſh Weſt-Indies*, and was decoyed away from his maſter by two white men, who left him at *George-Town*, where the ſaid *Mallet* found him, and brought to *Charles Town*.

JOHN BROWN, WARDEN.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-Street; where all Manner of Printing Work is performed with Care and Expedition.